

Cured After Ten Years' Suffering From Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

ENABLES W. B. CARPENTER TO WORK AFTER TWO YEARS OF HELPLESSNESS.

Take courage, ye disheartened and despondent rheumatic and neuralgic sufferers. Your repeated failures with doctors and the common medicines of the day, should not sink you in utter despair. There is hope! There is relief! There is a cure for the most helpless victims in Paine's Celery Compound. This famous and wonderful medical prescription has absolute proofs of complete cures in 97 per cent of the cases in which it has been

used. Mr. W. B. Carpenter, Buena Vista, Ark., says: "I am glad to say that I am a well man today, although I have suffered with rheumatism and neuralgia for ten years. I tried several physicians, but with only temporary relief. I have taken seven bottles of Paine's Celery Compound and I am now well. I had not been able to work for two years, but now I can work all right. Paine's Celery Compound is the best medicine on earth."

YIELDING AT LOWELL

Textile Operatives Send Overture to Agents.

Lowell, Mass., June 20.—After a struggle of nearly three months it appears that the textile operatives of Lowell have tired in their fight for an increase of 10 per cent in wages in the cotton mills and are willing to declare off the general strike which was inaugurated on March 30.

The agents are discussing a communication from the textile council which is regarded as an overture for peace. Strikers are not inclined to discuss the message, refusing to even acknowledge that it was sent, but the mill men, while unwilling to give the text of the message, are not secretive as to the effect of its contents.

The main purpose of the strikers' note is to secure a conference, but in addition to this it contains a suggestion that the operatives be allowed to go back to the factories with the understanding that they shall receive the places held by them before the strike. This proposition meets with a flat refusal from the manufacturers, who say that the strikers had that opportunity presented to them when the gates were reopened a fortnight ago and refused it.

BALKAN WAR CLOUD

Recall of Correspondents to Sofia Proves Trouble.

Belgrade, June 20.—The newspaper correspondents who came here from Sofia have been recalled. They say there are indications of serious trouble in Bulgaria.

The recall of the newspaper correspondents to Sofia leads those who are intimately conversant with the Balkan situation to anticipate a recrudescence of the revolt in Macedonia. They consider it possible that the revolutionary committees have proclaimed the autonomy of Macedonia and say it is quite possible Bulgaria will openly favor and aid such a line of action.

The best informed people here regard the whole Balkan situation as being most serious, and they think that unless the great powers act quickly and decisively there is danger of a general conflagration.

Carnegie Works Sign Wage Scale.

Pittsburg, June 20.—The wage scale of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers for the ensuing year has been signed by the officials of the Carnegie Steel company for the American Steel Hoop plants. This is the first time an Amalgamated scale has been signed by the Carnegie Steel company since 1889 and was due to the recent merging of the American Steel Hoop company with the Carnegie company.

Walcott and Jackson Draw.

Portland, Ore., June 20.—Joe Walcott of Boston and Young Peter Jackson of Baltimore, both colored, fought a twenty round draw at the Pastime club. When the referee declared the fight a draw at the end of the twentieth round the crowd yelled for Jackson, as it was clearly his fight for the last five rounds.

Strike on Chicago Post Office.

Chicago, June 20.—All work on the new post office and the First National bank building has been stopped by a strike of the building laborers, and the entire working force on both buildings, numbering nearly 700 men, has quit in sympathy with the building laborers. Only the carpenters remain at work.

LAWRENCE'S
103 5¢ CIGAR
Union Made.
Mild and Sweet.
FOR SALE IN BARGE BY
Smith Brothers, G. W. Jeffords,
D. Glaser, S. J. L. Lyon,
A. Glaser & Co., A. Tomas,
G. Tomas, E. J. Tomas,
Francis Merchant, L. J. Mend,
M. J. Medow, Carlo Merlo,
W. H. Conner, M. David,
G. J. Haver, E. L. Bianchi,
H. D. Moia, Mrs. John H. Griffin.
Made by C. Lawrence & Co.,
BOSTON, MASS.

FEUD JURY DISAGREES

Jett and White Will Be Tried Again In Another County.

SENT TO LEXINGTON, KY.

Leave Jackson Under Heavy Guard, Accompanied by Elmer Jones. Judge Redwine Will Not Preside at Second Trial.

Jackson, Ky., June 20.—The jury in the case of Jett and White, charged with the murder of Lawyer James B. Marcum, has been discharged, having been unable to agree. At 8 o'clock the jury fled into the courtroom and Foreman Richard Millard said:

"Your honor, we find there is no chance of coming to an agreement."

Judge Redwine said: "I will have to keep you gentlemen together until Saturday night unless you get a verdict sooner. There is no reason why a verdict should not be reached in this case."

Foreman Millard said: "One man has as much a right to his opinion as another, and he may stick to it."

It was believed from this that there was one man between the verdict of guilty or not guilty, and it was conceded that the question of punishment had not been considered at all. Later the jury again reported it was unable to agree and it was discharged, so that there will be another trial. The dominant faction evidently expected acquittal, but there was at least one juror who would not so report.

No Disturbance.

The scene after the announcement was in nowise exciting. Some started to clap hands, but were stopped by the court. The guards took immediate possession of the prisoners, and they were closely guarded back to jail. People gathered around the courthouse in knots discussing the case, but there was no disturbance or outward sign of trouble.

Attorney Byrd after consultation made a motion for a change of venue. Judge Redwine refused to hear arguments, but of his own accord changed the venue to Cynthiana, Harrison county, at the next term of court. Cynthiana is not in Judge Redwine's district. He surprised the spectators by ordering the prisoners sent to Lexington under a detachment of soldiers and accompanied by Elmer Jones.

CHICAGO PROMOTER IN JAIL

Charged With Gross Fraud in Sale of Camp Bird Mines.

Chicago, June 20.—Theodore Cross, a mine promoter, charged with fraud in a \$3,500,000 mining deal in which his commissions are declared to have been \$200,000, spent the night in the county jail.

Richard Polson, Chicago manager of Walter Baker & Co., limited, declares that Cross fraudulently withheld \$125,000 due him as his commission in the sale of the Camp Bird Mining company stocks by Thomas F. Walsh, the Colorado millionaire, to the Venture company of London. This transaction was made in May, 1902. Cross is said to have received from the English investors 25,000 shares of the company's stock and a large sum from Mr. Walsh.

Escaped Murderer Killed.

Glasgow, Mont., June 20.—William Hardee, the condemned murderer who, with three other prisoners, escaped from the city jail here two weeks ago after killing one guard and beating two others almost to death, has been shot and killed in the Bad Lands, seventy-five miles from this city, after a desperate battle with the posse under Sheriff Cosner. Charles R. Hill, one of the posse, received wounds from which he died in a short time. Fred McKinney, Hardee's outlaw companion, escaped after the battle, but his capture is believed to be certain.

Electrical Expert Electrocuted.

Philadelphia, June 20.—Otto Thormert, an electrical expert from Germany, was instantly killed by touching a live wire while inspecting a new switchboard for the Germantown Electric Light company. Thormert had been in America only a few weeks. He was formerly assistant supervisor of the electric light system of Berlin and was an authority on electrical construction. He was sent here as an agent of Siemens & Halske of Berlin.

Czar Thanks Bessarabets Editor.

St. Petersburg, June 20.—The czar, Novoe Vremya announces, has accepted a copy of a book on Bessarabia written by M. Kroushevan, the editor of the anti-Semitic organ in Kishineff, the Bessarabets, the articles in which are held to have been largely responsible for the massacre of the Jews in Kishineff, and, it is added, has commanded that the author be thanked in the name of his majesty.

Quinona
QUICKLY CURED MME. LITCHFIELD, 887 Washington Street, of her general run-down condition. It is the most wonderful preparation ever discovered to make one look and feel well. Buy it from your druggist.

FOR THE DAINTIEST

garments and the tenderest hands. Saves the clothes and protects the hands. It's all purity through and through. No toiling, no boiling with

Sunlight

The Cost is Light for the Price is Right—5 cts. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR LAUNDRY SHAPE

SERVIA OUT OF FUNDS.

Empty Treasury Hampered the Provisional Government.

Belgrade, Servia, June 20.—The provisional government has offered the diplomatic corps places at the railroad station on the occasion of the reception of King Peter, also expressing the desire that they appear in uniform. The diplomats have not replied, pending the receipt of instructions from their respective governments.

The provisional government is very short of funds and has been unable thus far to raise money in consequence of its status not being legalized.

The government found the treasury practically empty and has no means of obtaining money, the banks having refused to float even a small loan. An installment of the recent French loan was due June 15, but the French official who arrived here with the cash refused to hand it over until the status of the government was properly defined.

The expenses of the deputation which has gone to Geneva were met with difficulty, and the army is owed long arrears of pay.

As Foreign Minister Kallieris has officially visited the Russian legation formal relations with Russia appear to have been already resumed.

England Does Not Recognize Peter.

London, June 20.—In the house of lords Foreign Minister Lansdowne announced that the British minister to Servia had been instructed to withdraw from Belgrade for some time on the arrival there of King Peter and in the meanwhile to do nothing which could be construed as a recognition of the new government.

NO REVOLT AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Report of the Sultan's Abdication Unfounded.

London, June 20.—A news agency has reported that there has been a revolt in Constantinople and that the sultan has abdicated.

Numerous telegrams have been received in London from Constantinople, but none of them makes mention of any unusual occurrence in the Turkish capital.

One dispatch, which was filed at Constantinople at 4:35 o'clock, not only does not mention any trouble there, but announces the departure of H. B. Smith, president of the council of the administration of the Ottoman public debt for London, to attend a meeting here of the Ottoman bondholders.

Abdication Reports in Belgrade.

Belgrade, Servia, June 20.—Leaflets are being sold on the streets containing reports hinting in mysterious language at a political crisis at Constantinople and the abdication of the sultan. The source of the reports is not given, and well informed circles discredit them. But the rumors have created much excitement in Belgrade.

BATTLE WITH INDIANS.

Cherokees Rout a Force of Deputy Marshals.

Vinita, I. T., June 20.—A desperate battle has taken place between four deputy United States marshals and a band of full blood Cherokee Indians in the Spoolaw hills, near the headquarters of Katoowahs. Deputy Marshals I. L. Gilstrap and C. W. Biggers, accompanied by J. H. Hler and Vaden wicket, surrounded the home of Charley Wickliffe in an attempt to arrest Wickliffe and three other full bloods on warrants for assault with intent to kill.

The Indians were not at home, and after searching the premises thoroughly the officers started away. Vaden wicket went out from the yard some distance when he was fired on by the Indians in the brush. The officers returned the fire, and a lively conflict followed, and about 100 shots were exchanged at long range. Vadenwicket was shot in the arm and seriously wounded. The officers returned and left the full bloods masters of the situation.

Japan Makes Demand on China.

Yokohama, June 20.—The Japanese minister at Peking has filed a formal demand on the Chinese foreign office for the opening of Mukden and Tientsin to foreign trade. The Chinese officials replied that circumstances were not favorable to the opening of the cities mentioned. The American and British representatives are supporting Japan's demands. Minister Conger is also demanding the opening of Nankin, Manchuria.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Unseasonable Weather Retards Distribution of Merchandise.

BETTER CROP REPORTS.

Removal of Fear of Anthracite Coal Miners' Strike Stimulates Business in Pennsylvania—Commercial Failures For June.

New York, June 20.—R. G. Dan & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Unseasonably low temperature, together with excessive precipitation at many points, has retarded the distribution of merchandise. Taking the country as a whole, however, the net result has been satisfactory, better crop prospects accelerating forward business and enlarging order lists of manufacturers. A new disaster by the elements caused heavy losses in Oregon, but floods subsided at St. Louis, where industrial plants are resuming and traffic is rapidly being restored. Mail and other interrupted orders are coming forward freely, farming operations are pushed with renewed vigor and normal conditions will soon exist.

Structural work at this city has been checked by the conflict between labor and employers, and new controversies have occurred elsewhere, but many settlements were arranged and others are in progress. Trade in Pennsylvania improved through removal of anxiety regarding the threatened suspension of work in the anthracite region.

Collections at many points are more prompt. Payments through the clearing house at New York for the week surpassed last year's by 19.3 per cent, although compared with 1901 there was a loss of 16.2 per cent, owing to exceptional speculative activity two years ago. At other leading cities there were gains of 6.1 and 8.1 per cent respectively.

Greater Railway Earnings.

Railway earnings thus far reported for June exceed last year's by 5.8 per cent and those of 1901 by 14.8 per cent.

Conditions in the iron and steel industry are sufficiently confusing to prevent any definite tendency, although factors calculated to produce weakness appear to preponderate.

At the cotton mills there is fair current activity, although spinners whose stocks of raw material are low have not only ceased to seek business for future delivery, but refuse to consider propositions or else place their figures at a prohibitive position. Foreign trade is remarkably well maintained, considering the numerous factors that operate against it.

Liabilities of commercial failures thus far reported for June aggregated \$4,531,183, of which \$1,287,075 were in manufacturing, \$1,642,926 in trading and \$1,000,882 in other commercial lines. Failures this week were 213 in the United States against 194 last year and 24 in Canada compared with 19 a year ago.

E. J. ARNOLD SURRENDERS.

Had Been Missing Since His Turf Company Was Raided.

St. Louis, June 20.—E. J. Arnold, proprietor of the Arnold Turf Investment company, chief of the exploded "get rich quick" concerns, appeared at the Four Courts and surrendered himself.

Arnold, who is charged in indictments with fraud, has been missing since his company went to pieces in February. Attorney Thomas J. Howe accompanied Arnold to the Four Courts. They entered Room 8, where Arnold stated that he was ready to give bond.

Arnold's manager, Lumpkin Agill, is also under indictment and has been missing from the city.

Wet Weather at Ascot.

London, June 20.—In spite of drenching rain King Edward was again present at the Ascot races. The general public, however, was not so impervious to the weather conditions, and there was a tremendous falling off in the attendance there, as at almost all the outdoor attractions in England. In Carnarvon, Wales, the rain was accompanied by two strong earthquakes. The inhabitants were alarmed by the rocking of their houses, but no damage was reported.

Vancouver Coal Strike Ends.

Victoria, B. C., June 20.—The coal strike on Vancouver island, in consequence of which steamers have had to bring coal from Newcastle and Japan to supply the coast market held by the Vancouver island collieries, is now at an end. The striking miners have petitioned Mr. Dunsmuir, head of the mining company, to be allowed to return to work.

Bullet in Head Five Years.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 20.—Dr. John Wilson of this city has removed from his throat a bullet that had been in his head for five years. Dr. Wilson felt a soreness in his throat and, with a mirror, saw the cause of the trouble, and he removed it with forceps. The bullet entered the head at the left of the nose while he was examining a rifle.

Roe Won't Visit Camp Odell.

Camp Odell, Crescent, N. Y., June 20.—Major General Roe, commanding the national guard, has sent word to Brigadier General Oliver that "because of the inclement weather" he could not come to the camp. The word was received by the officers and men alike with considerable surprise, for Governor Odell had come to the camp in a pouring rain to review the troops and see the workings of the camp.



"Tastin' these 'ere roots and herbs takes me back jes' about fifty years. Williams' Root Beer is a powerful fine summer drink, and a mistake seems like ye can fairly see the 'sanifra'."

"assprilla," hops and all them roots they make it of. 'Long back when I was a boy we used to fetch a lot of selt stuff from the woods every Spring—knew they was healthy, ye know—but my! what a heap of work! and 'twant a bit better than Williams' either. Beats all how they do it I mus' say. Yessir, its helping the temperance cause ev'ry day, too; folks have to drink somethin' this pesky hot weather and Williams' Root Beer can't hurt a baby.

Williams' Root Beer
WILLIAMS & CARLTON CO., Hartford, Conn.,
Makers of Williams' Flavouring Extracts.

SONGSTERS IN DANGER.

Robins and Bluebirds Doomed to Extinction by Foremen.

The robin red breast and the bluebird are doomed to extermination unless some stringent measures are taken for their preservation, says the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press. This is the opinion of the ornithologists of the department of agriculture. These favorite song birds make their winter home in the gulf states, and a changed condition, brought about by the development of industries in that section, threatens their destruction. The substitution of Italians and southern Europeans for negroes in the labor fields in Louisiana, Mississippi and other gulf states by capitalists has driven the negro out and in doing so has let in the enemy of the small birds. It is reported that these foreigners wage relentless war upon the robin, bluebird and other migratory birds that winter in the south, killing them for food. The negro would not touch them, as with most of the colored people of the south the song bird is sacred.

An ornithologist of the department in discussing the matter the other day said: "About all the migratory birds in the United States and parts of Canada are in the cold weather massed in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida. They are there in myriads. The population in these states is increasing rapidly and unfortunately is one that makes no distinction among the birds. The slaughter is awful. When thousands upon thousands of one species of birds are killed here it is safe to say this species is doomed. This seems to be what has happened to the so-called songster of the farmyard and orchard, the robin, and even the bluebird is being shot off the face of the earth. Until the states get together and adopt uniform protective laws there will be no hope for the preservation of these birds."

NEW HOUSE CLEANER.

It Sucks Up the Dirt From the Floor and Walls.

Advice received at the state department in Washington from Consul Mahin, at Nottingham, England, are to the effect that a new house cleaning device is being exhibited in that city. The apparatus consists of a machine composed of a two to four horse power motor (oil or electric) and an air pump, serving to maintain an "exhaust" of several pounds to the square inch. The machine can be carried on wheels or be made stationary. To it is attached a filter the dust receptacle—a tightly closed metallic vessel with a capacity of a peck or more. A one and one-half inch rubber hose, which may be of any desired length up to 700 feet, is attached to the filter. At the end of the hose is a "cleaner" or "renovator," which is a tube flattened out at the end into a kind of long slit. By rubbing this over the carpet or up and down the cloth covering of settees or chairs it not only sucks the dust from the surface, but also from underneath it. Walls may also be cleaned of dust, the cleaner being a brush of horsehair shape. No dust is raised in a room, and it can be operated by inexperienced men. These machines are at present being leased and in no case sold.

Lightning Decorates a Boy.

Descriptive thunderstorms have recently occurred at Hoosick Falls, N. Y. Lightning has done no little damage, and its pranks have caused much comment, says the New York Press. One bolt struck a small district school at Lake Lauderdale, tore up part of the flooring and stunned the teacher and six of her pupils. A boy named Ackley was hurled from his seat unconscious. Another boy named Randall was drawing a plant on the blackboard at the time of the crash. He complained of an odd sensation in his side, and upon examination it was found the picture on the blackboard had been reproduced on his side. Doctors say the shock drew the blood to the surface of his body and made the reproduction possible.

Salicides.

The rate of suicides per million in London is 95; in Brussels, Berlin, Stockholm and St. Petersburg, 300, and in Paris and Vienna 400 per million.

Succesful, but Costly.

After trying for two hours to get her husband out of bed Adelaide Meyer of Boppard, Germany, set fire to the bedclothes as a final effort. The stratagem was completely successful, though the house was burned to the ground.